Enrolled Copy H.B. 126

	UNMANNED AIRCRAFT REVISIONS
	2016 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Kraig Powell
	Senate Sponsor: Kevin T. Van Tassell
LONG TI	TLE
General D	Description:
Th	is bill addresses the use of an unmanned aircraft in relation to a wildland fire.
Highlight	ed Provisions:
Th	is bill:
•	defines terms;
•	subject to certain exceptions, prohibits an individual from flying an unmanned
ircraft wi	thin certain areas relating to a wildland fire; and
•	provides criminal penalties for certain violations of the provisions of this bill.
Money Ap	ppropriated in this Bill:
No	ne
Other Spe	cial Clauses:
No	ne
Jtah Cod	e Sections Affected:
AMENDS	:
630	G-18-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 269
ENACTS:	
<b>65</b> <i>A</i>	A-3-2.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacı	ed by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Sec	etion 1. Section 63G-18-101 is amended to read:
	CHAPTER 18. UNMANNED AIRCRAFT DRONES

H.B. 126 Enrolled Copy

30	This chapter is known as [the "Government Use of Unmanned Aircraft Systems Act."]
31	"Unmanned Aircraft Drones."
32	Section 2. Section <b>65A-3-2.5</b> is enacted to read:
33	65A-3-2.5. Wildland fire and unmanned aircraft.
34	(1) As used in this section:
35	(a) "Incident commander" means the government official or employee in command of
36	the response to a wildland fire.
37	(b) "Sanctioned entity" includes a person that oversees, is employed by, or is working
38	under the direction of:
39	(i) a government entity;
40	(ii) a telecommunications provider;
41	(iii) a utility provider;
42	(iv) the owner or operator of a pipeline;
43	(v) an insurance provider;
44	(vi) a resource extraction entity;
45	(vii) news media;
46	(viii) a person that operates an unmanned aircraft system under a certificate of waiver,
47	a certificate of authorization, or any other grant of authority obtained from the Federal Aviation
48	Administration that expressly authorizes operation of the unmanned aircraft system; or
49	(ix) a person similar to a person described in Subsections (1)(c)(i) through (vii).
50	(c) "Unmanned aircraft" means an aircraft that is:
51	(i) capable of sustaining flight; and
52	(ii) operated with no possible direct human intervention from on or within the aircraft.
53	(d) "Unmanned aircraft system" means the entire system used to operate an unmanned
54	aircraft, including:
55	(i) the unmanned aircraft;
56	(ii) communications equipment;
57	(iii) navigation equipment;

Enrolled Copy H.B. 126

58	(iv) controllers;
59	(v) support equipment; and
60	(vi) autopilot functionality.
61	(2) A person may not operate an unmanned aircraft system within an area that is under
62	a temporary flight restriction that is issued by the Federal Aviation Administration as a result of
63	the wildland fire, or an area designated as a wildland fire scene on a system managed by a
64	federal, state, or local government entity that disseminates emergency information to the
65	public, unless the person operates the unmanned aircraft system with the permission of, and in
66	accordance with the restrictions established by, the incident commander.
67	(3) A person, other than a government official or a government employee acting within
68	the person's capacity as a government official or government employee, that recklessly operates
69	an unmanned aircraft within an area described in Subsection (2) is guilty of:
70	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), (c), or (d), a class B misdemeanor;
71	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (d), a class A misdemeanor, if the
72	operation of the unmanned aircraft system causes an aircraft being used to contain or control a
73	wildland fire to:
74	(i) drop a payload of water or fire retardant in a location other than the location
75	originally designated for the aircraft to drop the payload; or
76	(ii) land without dropping a payload of water or fire retardant in the location originally
77	designated for the aircraft to drop the payload;
78	(c) except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), a third degree felony, if the operation of the
79	unmanned aircraft system causes the unmanned aircraft to come into direct physical contact
80	with a manned aircraft; or
81	(d) a second degree felony if the operation of the unmanned aircraft is the proximate
82	cause of a manned aircraft colliding with the ground, a structure, or another manned aircraft.
83	(4) The incident commander of a wildland fire shall grant reasonable access to the area
84	of, and within three miles of, the wildland fire to a sanctioned entity if:
85	(a) the access is for a purpose related to the responsibilities or business of the

86	sanctioned entity; and
87	(b) the access can be granted, with reasonable restrictions, without imposing a safety
88	risk or impairing efforts to control the wildland fire.
89	(5) A political subdivision of the state, or an entity within a political subdivision of the
90	state, may not enact a law, ordinance, or rule governing the private use of an unmanned aircraft
91	in relation to a wildland fire.

**Enrolled Copy** 

H.B. 126